

MODEL 960 – SINGLE TURN ABSOLUTE ENCODER



Ø2.0"

FEATURES

- Low-Profile – 1.55"
- Thru-Bore or Hollow Bore Styles
- Industrial Grade, Heavy Duty Housing
- State-of-the-Art Opto-ASIC Circuitry

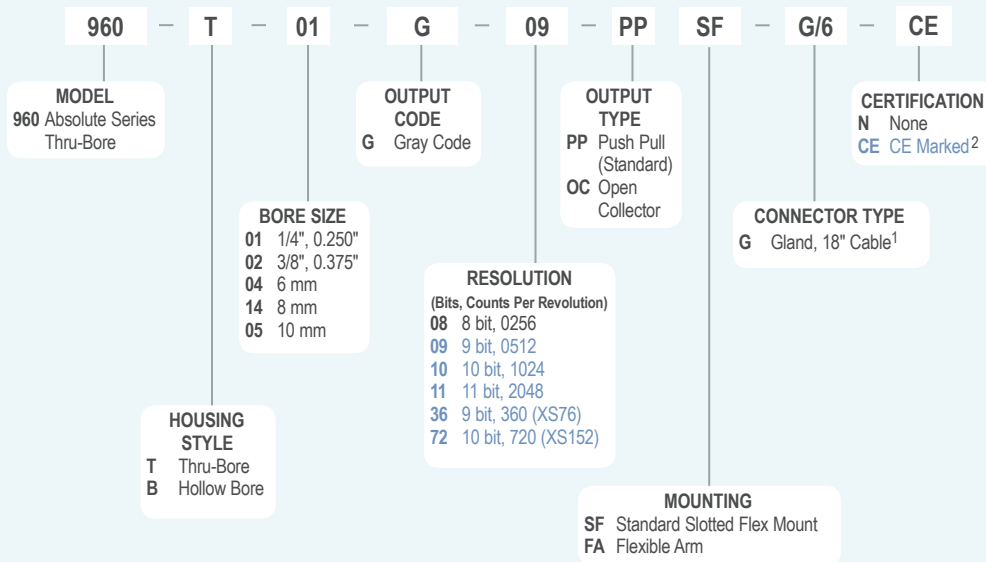
The single turn Model 960 Absolute Series Encoder provides a unique solution to a wide variety of industrial applications requiring absolute position information. By providing a low profile package of just 1.55", as well as a variety of hollow and thru-bore sizes and an easy to use flexible mounting system, the Model 960 goes where traditional absolute encoders do not fit. In addition, its innovative Opto-ASIC circuitry, coupled with its digital output, make it an excellent choice in those applications plagued by an unusually high level of electrical noise. The Model 960 can easily be mounted directly on a motor shaft, bringing the advantage of absolute positioning in an all metal housing, while eliminating the fixtures, couplers and adapters required by other absolute encoder designs.

COMMON APPLICATIONS

- Machine Tools, Robotics, Telescopes, Antennas, Rotary & X-Y Positioning Tables, Medical Scanners

MODEL 960 ORDERING GUIDE

Blue type indicates price adder options. Not all configuration combinations may be available. Contact Customer Service for details.



NOTES:

- For non-standard cable lengths, add a forward slash (/) plus cable length expressed in feet. Example: G/6 = 6 feet of cable.
- Please refer to **Technical Bulletin TB100: When to Choose the CE Mark** at www.encoder.com.

MODEL 960 SPECIFICATIONS

Electrical

Input Voltage.....	4.75 to 26 VDC max
Regulation.....	100 mV peak-to-peak, max ripple at 0 to 10 kHz
Input Current.....	100 mA max with no external load
Output Format.....	Absolute – Parallel Outputs
Output Type.....	Open Collector – 20 mA max per channel Push-Pull – 20 mA max per channel
Code.....	Gray Code, Excess Gray Code
Max Frequency.....	25.6 kHz (LSB)
Rise Time.....	Less than 1 microsecond
Resolution.....	Up to 11 bit
Accuracy.....	±1/2 LSB

Control

Directional Control... Field selectable for increasing counts (CW or CCW). Standard configuration user selects the applicable MSB wire for direction of count. Direction control option allows user to select count direction by applying 0 VDC to an encoder input. See *Wiring Table*.

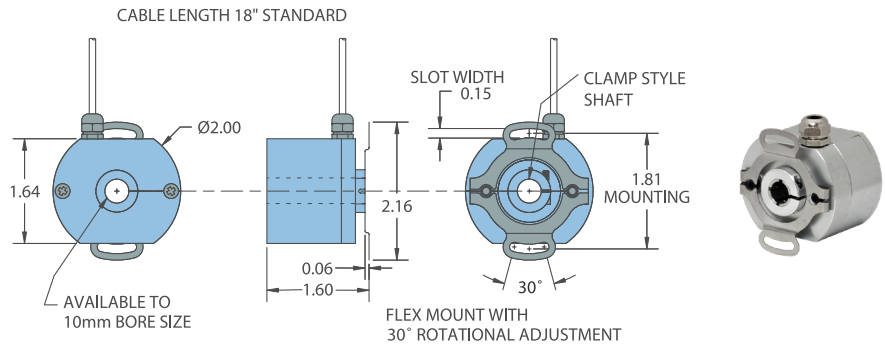
Mechanical

Max Shaft Speed.....	6000 RPM continuous
Bore Size.....	0.250", 0.3125", 0.375", 6 mm, 8 mm, 10 mm
Bore Tolerance.....	-0.0000" / +0.0006"
User Shaft Tolerances	
Radial Runout.....	0.007"
Axial Endplay.....	±0.030"
Starting Torque.....	0.3 oz-in typical for thru-bore 0.14 oz-in typical for hollow bore
Max Acceleration.....	1 x 10 ⁵ rad/sec ²
Electrical Conn.....	Gland with 18" cable (braid shield, 30 AWG conductors)
Housing.....	Aluminum with non-corrosive finish
Mounting.....	Slotted Flex Mount standard, Flex Arm optional
Weight.....	7 oz typical

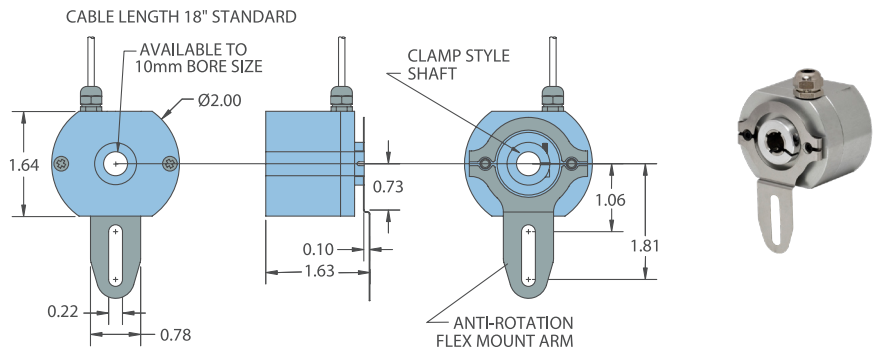
Environmental

Operating Temp.....	0° to 70° C
Storage Temp.....	-20° to 85° C
Humidity.....	98% RH non-condensing
Vibration.....	10 g @ 58 to 500 Hz
Shock.....	20 g @ 11 ms duration
Sealing.....	IP50

MODEL 960 SLOTTED FLEX MOUNT (SF)



MODEL 960 WITH FLEX ARM (FA)



All dimensions are in inches with a tolerance of ±0.005" or ±0.01" unless otherwise specified.

WIRING TABLE

Function	Gland Cable† Wire Color
Common	Black
+VDC	Red
S1 CW MSB	Brown
S1 CCW MSB	Yellow
S2	White
S3	Green
S4	Orange
S5	Blue
S6	Violet
S7	Gray
S8 LSB 8-bit	Pink
S9 LSB 9-bit	Red/Green
S10 LSB 10-bit	Red/Yellow
S11 LSB 11-bit	Turquoise
Direction Control**	Red/blue
Case Ground*	Shield

*CE Option only.

**Standard is CW increasing count (when viewed from shaft end, and using brown wire for MSB). Red/Blue is pulled up internally to 5 VDC.

To reverse count direction, Red/Blue must be pulled to low (0 VDC). If 5 VDC is applied to Red/Blue, unit remains in standard CW increasing count mode. Count direction can also be reversed by using the yellow MSB wire instead of the Brown. At no time should voltage applied to Red/Blue exceed 5 VDC.

†Standard cable is 24 AWG conductors with foil and braid shield.